

Using the KULI Thermal Network in the Area of Convective Gearbox Cooling

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Using the KULI Thermal Network in the area of convective gearbox cooling

- Formulation of the problem, motivation
- Gearbox analysis, measurement method
- Modeling technique, intersection between 1D and 3D
- The KULI Thermal Network
- > Application, examples
- Summary and outlook



Influencing variables in the heat balance from a modern automatic transmission gearbox





Influencing variables in the heat balance from a modern automatic transmission gearbox



Efficiency of the gearbox, power loss over rotational speed and torque

Exposition from

exposition from active cooling in dependence on cooling air mass flow and coolant volume flow



Exposition of convection in dependence of flow velocity and temperature





Analysis from gearbox power loss, media temperatures and surface temperatures

Requirements to test bench measurements

- Determination from the developing power loss
- > Determination from all media temperatures, in particular oil temperatures
- Determination from surface temperatures on the gearbox
- Test bench conditions close to the real vehicle







Analysis from gearbox power loss, media temperatures and surface temperatures

Necessary measurements and simulations

- Heat up behavior from cooling media and surfaces
- Cool down behavior from cooling medias and surfaces in dependence on flow velocity





Translation of test bench conditions in a 1D model





Discretisation from the Gearbox $P_{V_{-KPL}}$ P_{V_TRS} coupling drive assembly with housing $P_{V_V VTG}$ transfer gear with front axle differential $P_{V_{DIFF}}$ Segmentation from the gearbox in external heat separate units for allocation different exchanger $\overline{P_{OWT}}$ power loss and surface velocities



Discretisation from the gearbox external heat exchanger P_{V_KPL} P_{V_VTG} P_{V_TRS} P_{OWT} drive assembly coupling transfer gear $k \cdot A$ $k \cdot A$ mass mass mass ср ср ср $k \cdot A$ $k \cdot A$ $k \cdot A$ $k \cdot A$ housing of housing of drive housing of front front axle transfer gear assembly axle differential $k \cdot A$ differential mass mass mass mass ср ср ср ср P_{V_DIFF} $\alpha \cdot A_3$ $\alpha \cdot A_1$ $\alpha \cdot A_{\gamma}$ surface air flow



Presentation of the discrete gearbox in the KULI- Thermal Network





Presentation of the discrete gearbox in the KULI- Thermal Network





Presentation of the discrete Gearbox in the KULI- Thermal Network





Application on a test bench cycle

- > Run up to maximum power, equal vmax- loading while driving
- > Cooling down behavior in dependence on different air flow velocities





Application on a Driving Cycle

> View of a driving cycle on a real vehicle



Views and requirements to a thermal network



Risk and economic views of the actually and future applications





Current field of application of the thermal network at AUDI

- Analyzing tool for a fast assessment of small modification regarding gear step, gearbox- or rear axle reduction ratio on base of a complete balanced thermal network
- Solution Generating of reference results and Δ Values on base of balanced models

Necessities for extended application, current questions and requirements for process- stable application

- > Documentation of the approach for generation and balance, lighting the physical background
- Sensitivity and failure analysis of input parameters and map data
- High quality of forecast in the early concept stadium (without test bench measurement) for saving development time and reduction of iterations

Summary and outlook



- Standardization of Generating a gearbox model with clear results at different users
- > How will be a modification of the power loss during different operating points realized?
- > Which differences do arise by balance between vehicle and test bench?
- How do different air flow velocities on the gear box influence the convective heat dissipation in the thermal network?
- > How clear will be changes like performance tuning or gear box effectiveness forecasted?
- > Knowledge of the remaining risk because of 1D modeling of high complex 3D flow conditions



Thank you for your Attention

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